



SALIVARY ESTRONE

ENZYME IMMUNOASSAY KIT

For Research Use Only
Not for use in Diagnostic Procedures

Item No. 1- 3202, (Single) 96-Well Kit;
1- 3202-5, (5-Pack) 480 Wells



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Intended Use

The Salimetrics® Estrone Enzyme Immunoassay Kit is a competitive immunoassay specifically designed and validated for the quantitative measurement of salivary Estrone. It is not intended for diagnostic use. It is intended only for research use in humans and some animals. Salimetrics has not validated this kit for serum or plasma samples.

Please read the complete kit insert before performing this assay. Failure to follow kit procedure and recommendations for saliva collection and sample handling may result in unreliable values.

For further information about this kit, its application, or the procedures in this insert, please contact the technical service team at Salimetrics or your local sales representative.

Introduction

Estrone [3-hydroxy-1,3,5(10)-estratrien-17-one; E1] is a naturally occurring steroidal hormone. A major portion of Estrone is produced from androstenedione in prepubertal children, men, and postmenopausal women (1,2). Circulating Estrone levels are relatively high at birth in both males and females, decrease postnatally, and increase during puberty (3). Of the three major estrogens, Estrone is predominant after menopause in women. Estrone is primarily secreted by the ovaries in premenopausal women, peaking in the preovulatory phase with a smaller secondary increase during the luteal phase (2,3).

Estrone is a primary component of many pharmaceutical preparations. Research concerning Estrone is often focused on pregnancy, reproduction, and menopause. However, estrogens affect a diverse group of biological processes such as arterial vasodilation, bone density, cognitive function, and neuroprotection (4-7). Estrogens are also studied in regard to coronary artery disease, immunocompetence, cancer susceptibility and polycystic ovarian syndrome (8-12).

Test Principle

This is a competitive immunoassay kit. Estrone in standards and samples compete with Estrone conjugated to horseradish peroxidase for the antibody binding sites on a microtitre plate. After incubation, unbound components are washed away. Bound Estrone Enzyme Conjugate is measured by the reaction of the horseradish peroxidase enzyme to the substrate tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). This reaction produces a blue color. A yellow color is formed after stopping the reaction with an acidic solution. The optical density is read on a standard plate reader at 450 nm. The amount of Estrone Enzyme Conjugate detected is inversely proportional to the amount of Estrone present in the sample (13).



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Safety Precautions

Read Safety Data Sheets before handling reagents.

Hazardous Ingredients

Liquid Stop Solution is caustic; use with care. We recommend the procedures listed below for all kit reagents.

Handling

Follow good laboratory practices when handling kit reagents. Laboratory coats, gloves, and safety goggles are recommended. Wipe up spills using appropriate absorbent materials while wearing protective clothing. Follow local regulations for disposal.

Emergency Exposure Measures

In case of contact, immediately wash skin or flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. If inhaled, remove individual to fresh air. If individual experiences difficulty breathing, call a physician.

The above information is believed to be accurate but is not all-inclusive. This information should be used only as a guide. Salimetrics will not be liable for accidents or damage resulting from misuse of product.

Safety Data Sheets are available by contacting Salimetrics at support@salimetrics.com (See www.salimetrics.com for alternative contact options).



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General Kit Use Advice

- This kit uses break-apart microtitre strips. You may run less than a full plate. Unused wells must be stored at 2-8°C in the foil pouch with desiccant and used in the frame provided.
- Avoid microbial contamination of opened reagents. Salimetrics recommends using opened reagents within one month. Store all reagents at 2-8°C.
- The quantity of reagent provided with a single kit is sufficient for three partial runs. The volumes of wash buffer and enzyme conjugate prepared for assays using less than a full plate should be scaled down accordingly, keeping the same dilution ratio.
- Do not mix components from different lots of kits.
- To ensure highest quality assay results, pipetting of samples and reagents must be done as quickly as possible (without interruption) across the plate. Ideally, the process should be completed within 20 minutes or less.
- When using a multichannel pipette to add reagents, always follow the same sequence when adding all reagents so that the incubation time is the same for all wells.
- When running multiple plates, or multiple sets of strips, a standard curve must be run with each individual plate and/or set of strips.
- The temperature of the laboratory may affect assays. Salimetrics' kits have been validated at 68-74°F (20-23.3°C). Higher or lower temperatures may affect OD values.
- Routine calibration of pipettes and other equipment is critical for the best possible assay performance.
- When mixing plates during assay procedures, avoid speeds that spill the contents of the wells.

Storage

All unopened components of this kit are stable at 2-8°C until the kit's expiration date.



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Specimen Collection

Avoid sample collection within 60 minutes after eating a major meal or within 12 hours after consuming alcohol. Acidic or high sugar foods can compromise assay performance by lowering sample pH and influencing bacterial growth. To minimize these factors, rinse mouth thoroughly with water 10 minutes before sample is collected.

Collect whole saliva by unstimulated passive drool. Donors may tilt the head forward, allowing the saliva to pool on the floor of the mouth, then pass the saliva through the SalivaBio Collection Aid (SCA) into a polypropylene vial. Collection protocols/methods are available online at www.salimetrics.com or upon request.

Samples visibly contaminated with blood should be recollected. Samples may be screened for possible blood contamination (14,15) using our Blood Contamination EIA Kit (Item Nos. 1-1302/1-1302-5). Do not use dipsticks, which result in false positive values due to salivary enzymes.

Record the time and date of specimen collection.

Sample Handling and Preparation

After collection, it is important to keep samples cold in order to avoid bacterial growth in the specimen. Refrigerate sample within 30 minutes, and freeze at or below -20°C within 4 hours of collection. (Samples may be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months.) For long term storage, refer to the Salimetrics Collection and Handling Advice Booklet.

Do not add sodium azide to saliva samples as a preservative, as it may cause interference in the immunoassay.

On day of assay, thaw the saliva samples completely, vortex, and centrifuge at 1500 x g for 15 minutes. Freezing saliva samples will precipitate mucins. Centrifuging removes mucins and other particulate matter which may interfere with antibody binding and affect results. Samples should be at room temperature before adding to assay plate. Pipette clear sample into appropriate wells. Re-freeze saliva samples as soon as possible after adding to the assay plate. Re-centrifuge saliva samples each time that they are thawed. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.



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Materials Supplied with Single Kit

	Item	Quantity/Size
1	Microtitre Plate Coated with sheep anti-Estrone antibodies.	1/96 well
2	Estrone Standard 300 pg/mL, in a saliva-like matrix. Serially dilute before use according to Reagent Preparation. Contains: Estrone, buffer, preservative.	1 vial / 1.6 mL
3	Estrone Controls High, Low, in a saliva-like matrix. Ready to use. Contain: Estrone, buffer, preservative.	2 vials / 1 mL each
4	Estrone Assay Diluent Contains: phosphate buffer, preservative.	1 bottle / 60 mL
5	Estrone Enzyme Conjugate Concentrate. Dilute before use with Estrone Assay Diluent. (See step 5 of Procedure.) Contains: Estrone conjugated to HRP, preservative.	1 vial / 100 µL
6	Wash Buffer Concentrate (10X) Dilute before use according to Reagent Preparation. Contains: phosphate buffer, detergent, preservative.	1 bottle / 100 mL
7	TMB Substrate Solution Non-toxic, ready to use.	1 bottle / 25 mL
8	Stop Solution	1 bottle / 12.5 mL
9	Adhesive Plate Cover	1



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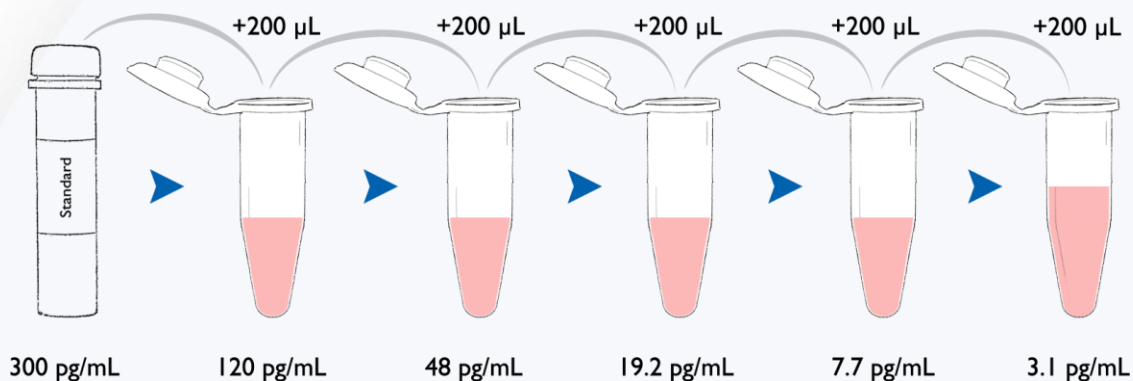
Materials Needed But Not Supplied

- Precision pipette to deliver 75 μ L, 100 μ L, 200 μ L and 300 μ L
- Precision multichannel pipette to deliver 50 μ L, 100 μ L, and 200 μ L
- Vortex
- Plate rotator with 0.08-0.17 inch orbit capable of 500 rpm
- Plate reader with 450 nm and 620 to 630 nm reference filters
- Computer software for data reduction
- Deionized water
- Reagent reservoirs
- One disposable polypropylene tube to hold at least 12 mL
- Five small disposable polypropylene tubes for dilution of standard
- Pipette tips
- Serological pipette to deliver up to 12 mL
- Centrifuge capable of 1500 x g



Reagent Preparation

- Bring all reagents to room temperature and mix before use. A minimum of 1.5 hours is recommended for the 12 mL of Estrone Assay Diluent used in Step 5 (conjugate dilution) to come to room temperature.
- Bring Microtitre Plate to room temperature before use. ***It is important to keep the foil pouch with the plate strips closed until warmed to room temperature, as humidity may have an effect on the coated wells.***
- Prepare 1X wash buffer by diluting Wash Buffer Concentrate (10X) 10-fold with room-temperature deionized water (100 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10X) to 900 mL of deionized water). ***Dilute only enough for current day's use and discard any leftover reagent.*** (If precipitate has formed in the concentrated wash buffer, it may be heated to 40°C for 15 minutes. Cool to room temperature before use in assay.)
- Prepare serial dilutions of the Estrone Standard as follows:
 - Label five polypropylene microcentrifuge tubes or other small tubes 2 through 6.
 - Pipette 300 μL of Estrone Assay Diluent into tubes 2 through 6.
 - Serially dilute the standard 2.5X by adding 200 μL of the 300 pg/mL standard (tube 1) to tube 2. Mix well.
 - After changing pipette tips, remove 200 μL from tube 2 to tube 3. Mix well.
 - Continue for tubes 4, 5, and 6.
 - The final concentrations of standards for tubes 1 through 6 are, respectively, 300 pg/mL, 120 pg/mL, 48 pg/mL, 19.2 pg/mL, 7.7 pg/mL, and 3.1 pg/mL. Standard concentrations in pmol/L are 1109.47, 443.79, 177.51, 71.01, 28.48, and 11.46 respectively.



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Procedure

Step 1: Read and prepare reagents according to the Reagent Preparation section before beginning assay. Determine your plate layout. Here is a suggested layout. (Standards, controls, and saliva samples should be assayed in duplicate.)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	300 Std	300 Std	Ctrl-L	Ctrl-L								
B	120 Std	120 Std	SMP-1	SMP-1								
C	48 Std	48 Std	SMP-2	SMP-2								
D	19.2 Std	19.2 Std	SMP-3	SMP-3								
E	7.7 Std	7.7 Std	SMP-4	SMP-4								
F	3.1 Std	3.1 Std	SMP-5	SMP-5								
G	Zero	Zero	SMP-6	SMP-6								
H	Ctrl-H	Ctrl-H	SMP-7	SMP-7								

Step 2: Keep the desired number of strips in the strip holder and place the remaining strips back in the foil pouch. Reseal the foil pouch with unused wells and desiccant. Store at 2-8°C.

Cautions: *Do not insert wells from one plate into a different plate.*

Step 3: Pipette 12 mL of Estrone Assay Diluent into the disposable tube. (Scale down proportionally if using less than the entire plate.) Set aside for Step 5.

Step 4:

- Pipette 100 µL of standards, controls, and saliva samples into appropriate wells.
- Pipette 100 µL of Estrone Assay Diluent into 2 wells to serve as the zero.

Step 5: Dilute the Enzyme Conjugate 1:160 by adding 75 µL of the conjugate to the 12 mL tube of Estrone Assay Diluent. (Scale down proportionally if not using the entire plate.) Conjugate tube may be centrifuged for a few minutes to bring the liquid down to the tube bottom. Immediately mix the diluted conjugate solution and add 100 µL to each well using a multichannel pipette.

Step 6: Place adhesive cover provided over plate. Mix plate on a plate rotator **continuously** at 500 rpm for 3 hours at room temperature.



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Step 7: Wash the plate 4 times with 1X wash buffer. A plate washer is recommended. However, washing may be done by gently squirting wash buffer into each well with a squirt bottle, or by pipetting 300 μ L of wash buffer into each well and then discarding the liquid over a sink. After each wash, the plate should be thoroughly blotted on paper towels before turning upright. If using a plate washer, blotting is still recommended after the last wash.

Step 8: Add 200 μ L of TMB Substrate Solution to each well with a multichannel pipette.

Step 9: Incubate the plate in the dark (covered) at room temperature for 30 minutes, mixing for 5 minutes on a plate rotator at 500 rpm.

Step 10: Add 50 μ L of Stop Solution with a multichannel pipette.

Step 11:

- Mix on a plate rotator for 3 minutes at 500 rpm. If green color remains, continue mixing until green color turns to yellow. Be sure all wells have turned yellow.

Caution: Spillage may occur if mixing speed exceeds 600 rpm.

- Wipe off bottom of plate with a water-moistened, lint-free cloth and wipe dry.
- Read in a plate reader at 450 nm. Read plate within 10 minutes of adding Stop Solution. (For best results, a secondary filter correction at 620 to 630 nm is recommended.)

Quality Control

The Salimetrics' High and Low Estrone Controls should be run with each assay. The control ranges established at Salimetrics are to be used as a guide. Each laboratory should establish its own range. Variations between laboratories may be caused by differences in techniques and instrumentation.

Calculations

1. Compute the average optical density (OD) for all duplicate wells.
2. Calculate the percent bound (B/B₀) for each standard, control, and saliva sample by dividing the OD of each well (B) by the average OD for the zero (B₀).
3. Determine the concentrations of the controls and saliva samples by interpolation using data reduction software. We recommend using a 4-parameter non-linear regression curve fit.
4. Samples with Estrone values greater than 300 pg/mL should be diluted in half with Estrone Assay Diluent and rerun for accurate results. To obtain the final Estrone concentration, multiply the concentration of the diluted sample by the factor of 2.

A new Standard Curve must be run with each full or partial plate.



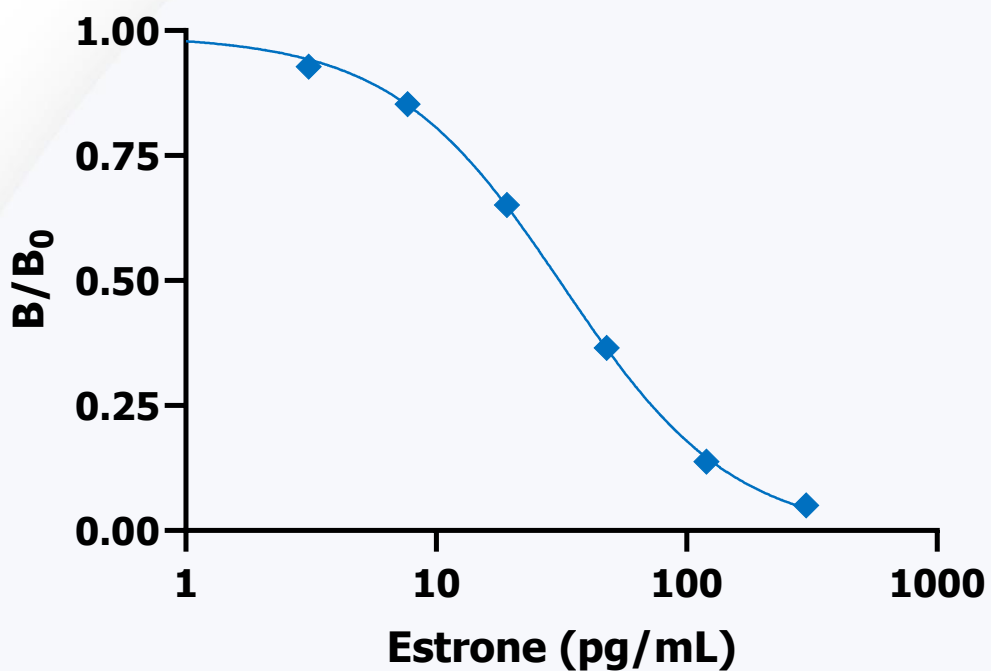
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Typical Results

The results shown below are for illustration only and should not be used to calculate results from another assay.

Well	Standard	Average OD	B/B ₀	Estrone (pg/mL)
A1,A2	S1	0.10	0.04	300
B1,B2	S2	0.34	0.13	120
C1,C2	S3	0.97	0.36	48
D1,D2	S4	1.76	0.65	19.2
E1,E2	S5	2.32	0.85	7.7
F1,F2	S6	2.53	0.93	3.1
G1,G2	S7	2.73	1.00	0

Example: Estrone 4-Parameter Curve Fit



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Limitations

- Samples with Estrone values greater than 300 pg/mL should be diluted in half with Estrone Assay Diluent and rerun for accurate results. To obtain the final Estrone concentration, multiply the concentration of the diluted sample by the factor of 2.
- See “Specimen Collection” recommendations to ensure proper collection of saliva specimens and to avoid interfering substances.
- Samples collected with sodium azide are unsuitable for this assay.
- Any quantitative results indicating abnormal Estrone levels should be followed by additional testing and evaluation.

Salivary Estrone Example Ranges*

Pre-menopausal Adult Women	N	Mean (pg/mL)	Standard Deviation (pg/mL)
Follicular	21	14.14	11.28
Mid-cycle	23	11.92	7.36
Luteal	21	13.06	7.92

*To be used as a guide only. Each laboratory should establish its own range.



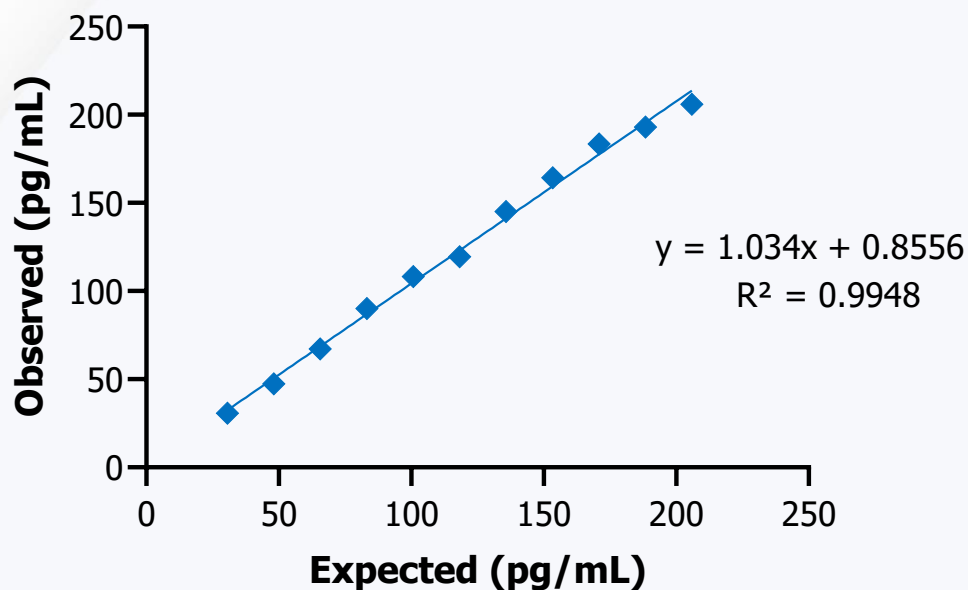
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Salivary Estrone EIA Kit Performance Characteristics

Linearity of Assay

The assay recovers the expected levels of Estrone across the range of the assay. Mixtures were prepared from a high and a low saliva sample.

Saliva Sample	Dilution	Expected (pg/mL)	Observed (pg/mL)	Recovery (pg/mL)
1		205.95	205.95	100%
	1:9	188.42	193.09	102%
	2:8	170.89	183.36	107%
	3:7	153.36	164.23	107%
	4:6	135.82	145.08	107%
	5:5	118.29	119.44	101%
	6:4	100.76	108.19	107%
	7:3	83.23	90.03	108%
	8:2	65.69	67.11	102%
	9:1	48.16	47.36	98%
2		30.63	30.63	100%



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Spike and Recovery

Three saliva samples containing different levels of Estrone were spiked with known quantities of Estrone and assayed.

Sample	Endogenous (pg/mL)	Added (pg/mL)	Expected (pg/mL)	Observed (pg/mL)	Recovery (%)
1	182.71	20.71	189.29	192.87	102%
		6.37	174.96	175.67	100%
		2.06	170.64	171.96	101%
2	115.67	19.75	117.16	125.9	107%
		4.84	102.24	102.65	100%
		0	97.4	98.66	101%
3	26.72	20.71	46.09	55.39	120%
		6.37	31.76	32.85	103%
		2.06	27.44	28.76	105%

Sample Dilution Recovery

Three saliva samples containing different levels of Estrone were diluted with Estrone Assay Diluent and assayed. The results indicate that the saliva cannot be diluted by a factor greater than two.

Saliva Sample	Dilution	Expected (pg/mL)	Observed (pg/mL)	Recovery (%)
1	Neat		234.86	
	x2	117.43	111.56	95%
	x4	58.72	48.74	83%
	x8	29.36	20.32	69%
2	Neat		204.38	
	x2	102.19	91.82	90%
	x4	51.09	38.55	75%
	x8	25.55	15.35	60%
3	Neat		120.52	
	x2	60.26	43.97	73%
	x4	30.13	19.42	64%
	x8	15.06	6.3	42%



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Precision

The intra-assay precision was determined from the mean of 20 replicates each.

Saliva Sample	N	Mean (pg/mL)	Standard Deviation (pg/mL)	Coefficient of Variation (%)
1	20	222.77	3.50	1%
2	20	257.54	6.43	1%
3	20	135.03	4.73	2%
4	20	38.64	3.07	6%
5	20	11.99	1.71	9%

The inter-assay precision was determined from the mean of average duplicates for 20 separate runs.

Saliva Sample	N	Mean (pg/mL)	Standard Deviation (pg/mL)	Coefficient of Variation (%)
1	20	230.16	7.31	3%
2	20	199.82	8.41	4%
3	20	123.55	7.05	6%
4	20	31.13	2.54	8%
5	18	7.54	1.06	14%

Sensitivity

Analytical Sensitivity (LOD)

The lower limit of sensitivity was determined by interpolating the mean optical density minus 2 SDs of 10 sets of duplicates at the 0 pg/mL level. The minimal concentration of Estrone that can be distinguished from 0 is **3.04 pg/mL**.

Functional Sensitivity (LOQ)

The functional sensitivity was determined by assaying 60 spiked control samples at a concentration level resulting in a CV of approximately 20%. The LOQ of the salivary Estrone ELISA is **5.66 pg/mL**.



Antibody Specificity

Compound	Spiked Concentration (ng/mL)	% Cross-reactivity in Salivary Estrone EIA
Estrone-sulfate	0.200	35.5
Estradiol	50	0.145
Estriol	10	ND
Progesterone	100	0.008
17 α -Hydroxyprogesterone	1000	ND
Testosterone	100	0.020
Cortisol	1000	ND
DHEA	1000	ND
Androstenedione	1000	0.0045
Aldosterone	1000	ND
Cortisone	1000	ND
11-Deoxycortisol	1000	ND
21-Deoxycortisol	1000	ND
Dexamethasone	1000	ND
Triamcinolone	1000	ND
Corticosterone	1000	ND
Prednisolone	1000	ND
Prednisone	1000	ND
Transferrin	6600	ND

ND = None detected (<0.004)



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Seller's Limited Warranty

"Seller warrants that all goods sold hereunder will be free from defects in material and workmanship. Upon prompt notice by Buyer of any claimed defect, which notice must be sent within thirty (30) days from date such defect is first discovered and within three months from the date of shipment, Seller shall, at its option, either repair or replace the product that is proved to Seller's satisfaction to be defective. All claims should be submitted in written form. This warranty does not cover any damage due to accident, misuse, negligence, or abnormal use. Liability, in all cases, will be limited to the purchased cost of the kit.

It is expressly agreed that this limited warranty shall be in lieu of all warranties of fitness and in lieu of the warranty of merchantability. Seller shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages that arise out of the installation, use or operation of Seller's product or out of the breach of any express or implied warranties."

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